Science. New York. v. 59. May 9, 1924.

A fog-warning device. suppl. p. 14. [Fog bell controlled by hygroscopic device, invented by F. C. Hingsburg.]

Wiley, Harvey W. Frank H. Bigelow. p. 423. [Obituary.]

Scientific American. New York. v. 130. June, 1924.

Luckiesh, M. The sky by day. Solved and unsolved problems with it places before our case.

lems which it places before our eyes. p. 402; 438.

Olson, D. S. Snowslides. Some facts about their menace and their prevention. p. 404.

Società meteorologica italiana. Bollettino bimensuale. Torino. v. 42. Aprile-giugno 1924.

42. Aprile-giugno 1924.

Eredia, Filippo. Correlazione tra la produzione del frumento e l'andamento annualle delle pioggie in Sicilio. p. 36–38.

Gabba, L. La frequenza della nebbia a Milano dalle osservazioni del R. Osservatorio di Brera durante gli anni 1835-1920. p. 32-35.

Terrestrial magnetism and atmospheric electricity. Baltimore.

v. 29. March, 1924.

Bauer, Louis A. Correlations between solar activity and atmospheric electricity. p. 23-32.

Johnston, H. F. Atmospheric-electric observations during

the total solar eclipse of September 10, 1923. p. 13-22.

Tycos-Rochester. Rochester, N. Y. v. 14. July, 1924.

Ade, George. Weather. p. 12.
Facts and fictions about the rain tree. p. 34–35.

Hallenbeck, Cleve. The temperature of civilization. p. 10-11.

Huntington, Ellsworth. Report of the Committee [of the National research council] on the atmosphere and man. p. 30-31.

Lightning's toll of the forests. p. 14-15.
The mystery of will-o'-the-wisp. p. 32.
Palmer, Andrew H. Rain insurance. p. 16-19.
Pickwell, Gayle. Tornadoes—the funnel clouds. p. 5-9; 11.

Palmer, Andrew H. Rain insurance. p. 10-19.

Pickwell, Gayle. Tornadoes—the funnel clouds. p. 5-9; 11.

[Repr. from Nature Mag.]

Uncle Sam's "clerk of the weather." p. 20-21.

What we know about the aurora. p. 35.

U. S. air services. Washington, D. C. v. 9. July, 1924.

Gregg, W. R. Clarence LeRoy Meisinger, 1895-1924.

p. 35-36. [Obituary.]

Wetter. Berlin. 41. Jahrg. März/April, 1934.

Pennler. W. Sonne und Wetter. p. 42-49.

Wetter. Berlin. 41. Jahrg. Mürz/April, 1924.
Peppler, W. Sonne und Wetter. p. 42-49.
Ständer, F. Die 11.86jährige Juliperiode. p. 58-61.
Zeitschrift für Instrumentenkunde. Berlin. 44. Jahrg. Juni 1.
Linke, Franz. Ein Universal-Aktinometer. p. 274-275. Juni 1924.

SOLAR OBSERVATIONS

SOLAR AND SKY RADIATION MEASUREMENTS DURING JULY, 1924

By HERBERT H. KIMBALL, In Charge, Solar Radiation Investiga-

For a description of instruments and exposures and an account of the method of obtaining and reducing the measurements, the reader is referred to the Review for January and February, 1924, 53: 42 and 113.

From Table 1 it is seen that solar radiation intensities averaged slightly above the July normal at Washington, D. C., and Madison, Wis., and slightly below at Lincoln, Nebr. There were an unusual number of clear days at the first two stations.

Table 2 shows that the total solar and sky radiation received on a horizontal surface averaged above the July normal at Washington and Lincoln, and slightly below at Madison.

Skylight polarization measurements made on 14 days at Washington give a mean of 51 per cent, with a maximum of 69 per cent on the 18th. Measurements obtained on 10 days at Madison give a mean of 60 per cent, with a maximum of 70 per cent on the 1st. The values for Madison are close to the average values for July, and those for Washington are somewhat above.

Table 1.—Solar radiation intensities during July, 1924. [Gram-calories per minute per square centimeter of normal surface] Washington, D. C.

				S	un's ze	nith d	istance	3			
	5a. m.	sa. m. 78.7° 75.7° 70.7° 60.0° 0.0° 60.0° 70.7° 75.7° 78.7°								٠,	Noor
Date	75th	Air mass .									Local
	mer. time	A. M.					Р. М.				piean solar time
		5.0	4.0	3.0	2.0	11.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	e
uly 7	mm. 19. 89	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal. 1. 37	cal.	cal,	cal.	cal.	mm. 19. 2
10 11 12	19. 23 13. 13 18. 59		0. 59 0. 56 0. 51	0. 72 0. 71	0. 93 0. 98 0. 84	1. 27	0. 99	0. 79	0. 65	0, 51	16. 20 11. 3 18. 50
14 16 17		0. 50 0. 37 0. 57	0. 65 0. 47 0. 63	0.83 0.61 0.75	1. 02 0. 80 0. 95	1, 32 1, 15 1, 18					11, 3 16, 2 12, 8
18 21 23	9. 83 16. 79 19. 23	0.83	0, 92	1.05	1. 19 0. 76 0. 98	1.41	1.08 1.10	0. 91	0.78		8. 4 16. 7 14. 6
24 26 28	14. 10 10. 97 11. 81	0. 57	0.71	0. 81	0. 95 1. 12 0. 97	1. 23					13. 6 9. 1 12. 2
29 30	14. 10 15. 65			0. 59 0. 48	0. 91 0. 72	1. 16					14. 1 13. 1
Means Departures	-	0. 57 ± 0. 00			0. 94 +0. 05		1.06 +0.08	(0.85) +0.06	(0.72) +0.04	(0.51) +0.13	

¹ Extrapolated.

Table 1.—Solar Radiation intensities during July, 1924—Cont'd.

[Gram-calories per minute per square centimeter of normal surface]

Madison, Wis.

	Sun's zenith distance										
	8 a.m.	Sa.m. 78.7° 75.7° 70.7° 60.0° 0.0° 60.0° 70.7° 75.7° 78.7°								•	Noo
Date	75th mer. time	Air mass									
		A. M.					Р. М.			mean solar time	
		5.0	4.0	3.0	2.0	11.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	0
fuly 1	mm. 8.81	cal.	cal.	cal. 1. 10	cal. 1. 25	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal.	mm.
2	9.47		0, 90	1.03	1. 19	1. 38					7.8
3 10	8.48			1.00	1, 18 1, 04	1. 39 1. 35	1, 01			-	8.8
15		-			1. 21	1. 32	1.01		i		10. 5 12. 6
16	13. 13				0. 95	1.02					16. 7
17	8.81				1. 27	1.46					9. i
22	13. 13				1. 18	1. 35					13. €
23	. 14. 10	I		·	1. 10	1.35					13.6
28	14.60				1.06						17. 3
31	9. 14					1. 32]- -	-		10. 5
Means	1		(0.90)	1.04	1.14	1. 36	(1.01)	1	.	l	
Departures				+0.14			+0.02				

Lincoln, Nebr.

July 3	0.84 0.69 0.76 0.76 1 0.76 1 0.80	0. 91 1. 12 0. 62 0. 78 0. 99 1. 20 0. 98 1. 11 0. 86 0. 92 0. 90 1. 06 	1. 38	6. 02 9. 14 8. 48 16. 79 9. 83 15. 65 19. 89 9. 14 12. 68 21. 28
MeansDepartures	0. 77 -0. 03	0. 88 1. 06 0. 020. 02		

Table 2.—Solar and sky radiation received on a horizontal surface

		Average	daily ra	Average daily depar- ture from normal				
Week beginning—	Wash- ing- ton	Madi- son	Lin- coln	Chi- cago	New York	Wash- ing- ton	Madi- son	Lin- coln
1924 July 2	cal. 366	cal. 500	cal. 621	cal. 485	cal. 419	cal. -116	cal. —36	cal.
July 2 9	577	552	623	419	516	+96	+32	+43 +40
16	585	519	520	476	506	+110	+7	十型 一51
23	601	467	625	447	540	+137	-23	+79
Excess or deficiency					030	+367	-7, 078	+2,758